

Related Rate Problems

Rate - Slope - derivatives

8 m/s mi/h ft/s

km/h

newtons/m = N/m

Rates

$$\frac{dA}{dt}$$

$$\frac{dA}{dt}$$

$$\frac{dV}{dt}$$

$$\frac{dV}{dt}$$

$$\frac{dw}{dt}$$

$$\frac{dr}{dt}$$

With
respect
to
time

$$\frac{dy}{dx}$$

der^{of} y with
respect to x.

$$\frac{du}{dx}$$

der. of u with
respect to x.

Write an equation that relates

$$\frac{dA}{dt} \text{ and } \frac{dr}{dt}.$$

$$\textcircled{1} A = \pi r^2$$

$$\frac{dA}{dt} = 2\pi r \cdot \frac{dr}{dt}$$

$$A = 4\pi r^2$$

$$\frac{dA}{dt} = 8\pi r \cdot \frac{dr}{dt}$$

$$V = \pi r^2 h \rightarrow \underline{\text{product rule}}$$

$$\frac{dV}{dt} = \pi r^2 \cdot \frac{dh}{dt} + h \cdot 2\pi r \cdot \frac{dr}{dt}$$

$$\frac{dV}{dt} = 10 \frac{\text{m}^3}{\text{hr}} \quad V = \frac{4}{3} \pi r^3$$

$$\frac{dr}{dt} = ? \text{ when } r = 5 \quad \frac{dV}{dt} = 4\pi r^2 \cdot \frac{dr}{dt}$$

$$10 = 4\pi \cdot 25 \cdot \frac{dr}{dt}$$

$$\frac{10}{100\pi} = \frac{dr}{dt}$$

$$\frac{1}{10\pi} = \frac{dr}{dt}$$

Our radius is changing at a rate
of $\frac{1}{10\pi} \text{ m/hr.}$

$$\frac{dV}{dt} = 100 \text{ ft}^3/\text{min} \quad V = \frac{1}{3} \pi r^2 h$$

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{dh}{dt} ? \quad & \text{when} \quad V = \frac{1}{3} \pi h^3 \\ & h = 10 \text{ ft.} \\ r = h \quad & \frac{dV}{dt} = \pi h^2 \cdot \frac{dh}{dt} \\ 100 = \pi \cdot 10^2 \frac{dh}{dt} \\ \frac{100}{100\pi} = \frac{dh}{dt} \\ \frac{1}{\pi} = \frac{dh}{dt} \end{aligned}$$

My height is changing at a rate
of $\frac{1}{\pi}$ ft/min.

#3

$$\frac{dx}{dt} = 3 \text{ cm/sec.}$$

$$\frac{dV}{dt} = ? \quad \text{when } x = 10 \text{ cm}$$

$$V = x^3$$

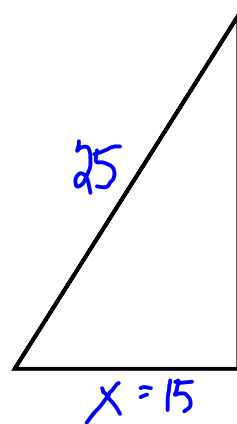
$$\frac{dV}{dt} = 3x^2 \cdot \frac{dx}{dt}$$

$$\frac{dV}{dt} = 3 \cdot 10^2 \cdot 3$$

$$\frac{dV}{dt} = 900$$

Our volume of the cube is
changing at a rate of $900 \text{ cm}^3/\text{sec.}$

#4.



$$\frac{dx}{dt} = 2 \text{ ft/s}$$

$$\frac{dy}{dt} = ?$$

when
 $x = 15$

$$x^2 + y^2 = 625$$

$$2x \cdot \frac{dx}{dt} + 2y \cdot \frac{dy}{dt} = 0$$

$$2 \cdot 15 \cdot 2 + 2 \cdot 20 \cdot \frac{dy}{dt} = 0$$

$$60 + 40 \frac{dy}{dt} = 0$$

$$40 \frac{dy}{dt} = -60$$

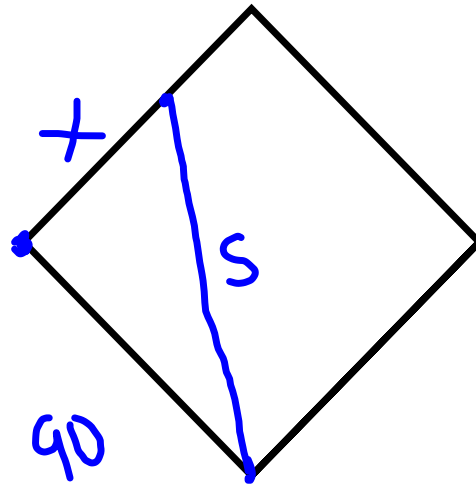
$$\frac{dy}{dt} = \frac{-60}{40}$$

$$\frac{dy}{dt} = -\frac{3}{2}$$

The top of the ladder is moving
down the wall at a rate of $\frac{3}{2}$ ft/sec.
neg.

HW p. 237-238

8, 9, 11, 12



$$x^2 + 90^2 = s^2$$

$$\frac{dx}{dt} = 28f/s \text{ at } x = 30$$

$$\frac{ds}{dt} = ?$$